

# SEYMORE DAILY REPUBLICAN

VOLUME XXXIV NO. 280

SEYMORE, INDIANA, MONDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1915

PRICE TWO CENTS

## CORONER FINDS NO TWO WEEKS MORE MURDER EVIDENCE OF CIRCUIT COURT

Verdict Given That Olin C. Downs Met Accident Death on Pennsylvania Railroad Tracks.

### SHOT HEARD ABOUT MIDNIGHT TWO SENTENCED TO PRISON

No Marks of Violence Found on Body of North Vernon Man Discovered Early Sunday.

After investigating the rumors that Olin C. Downs, of North Vernon, whose body was found on the tracks of the Pennsylvania Lines near the Southeastern Line crossing early Sunday morning, might have been a victim of foul play, Coroner William Dickmeyer returned a verdict that Downs "accidentally met death by being run over by a Pennsylvania Railroad train while in an intoxicated condition." The report of one or more shots fired in the vicinity of the crossing about 11 o'clock Saturday night gave rise to the rumors that Downs might have been murdered and his body placed on the tracks to cover up the deed.

According to J. W. Hustedt, the undertaker in whose charge the body was placed, there was no evidence that Downs had been shot. Following the reports which were in circulation Sunday a close examination was made of the body but no bullet wounds were found. The body was completely cut in two and Mr. Hustedt says that if Downs was shot his body was placed on the tracks in such a position that the wheels of the train would pass over the wound. There were few scratches on the body and none that was serious. A small gash was found on the back of the head but the skull was not fractured.

The testimony that was given at the coroner's inquest which was held Sunday, indicates that Downs was intoxicated and that he attempted to climb on a moving train and fell under the wheels. The upper portion of his body was in the center of the track with the head turned towards the south. The lower part of the trunk was found on the west side of the rail of the main track.

The body was found by the engine crew of the southbound Pennsylvania train No. 6 which arrives in Seymour about 6 o'clock. The train was backed to the side track and the engineer notified Jesse Himler, the night ticket agent. The authorities were then informed of the location of the body which was soon removed to Hustedt's Undertaking Establishment. Apparently the man had met death several hours before. The coroner was also notified and came to Seymour Sunday morning and began his investigation.

According to the testimony given at the inquest, Downs came to Seymour Saturday morning. He was employed as a lineman by the North Vernon Telephone Company, of which L. C. Griffitts of this city, is owner. It is stated that he had been drinking during the day and late Saturday night went into one saloon where he was refused a drink because of his condition. He talked during the afternoon and night with a number of

(Continued on page 8, column 3)

The Busy Man's Smoke

Little Black and White

10 for 15 cents.

CARTER'S DRUG STORE  
The Rexall Store

## Rent a Box In Our New Vault

The cost is trifling. The feeling of safety is comforting. A convenient place to keep valuable papers jewelry, etc.

## DREAMLAND

No. 1 & No. 2

"THE JILT"

(American 2 Reel Drama)

No. 3. "A Marvelous Marthomer"

(Falstaff Comedy)

TONIGHT \$3

NIGHT

IS OUR

\$3.00

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

Come and Bring Your Duplicates

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

and THURSDAY Nights.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

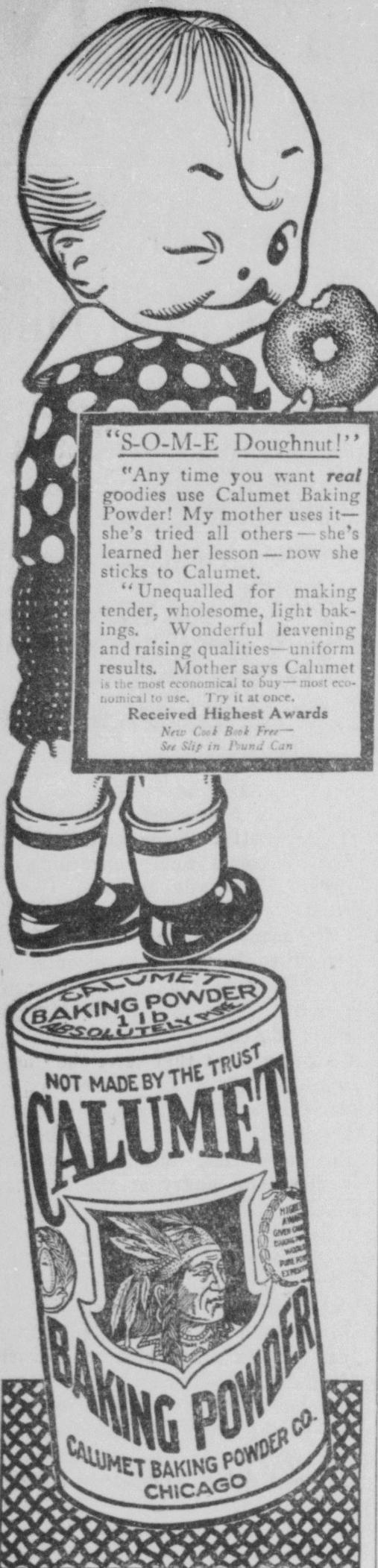
Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

Given Away Every MONDAY and THURSDAY Nights.

86 FOR PARTICULARS.

</div



## U.S. NOTE TO BRITAIN VIGOROUS

Declares Acts Are  
Not Legal.

BLOCKADE INEFFECTIVE

Must Insist Upon Maintaining  
Neutral Rights.

INJUSTICE TO AMERICANS

Would Urge International Law  
to Prevail.

Washington, Nov. 8.—The United States, in its latest note to Great Britain on British practices in interfering with American trade serves notice on Great Britain:

First. That it does not recognize as legal and effective the British blockade of Germany and Austria-Hungary.

Second. That it "cannot submit" to the curtailment of its neutral rights by measures which are "admittedly retaliatory and therefore illegal."

Third. That it must insist "that the relations between it and the British government be governed, not by a policy of expediency, but by established rules of international law."

Fourth. That it unhesitatingly assumes the task of championing the integrity of neutral rights and will devote its energies to that end.

Contrasted with the notes to Germany in the submarine controversy the communication to Great Britain, however, contains no phrases such as "strict neutrality" and similar expressions used by the president in pressing his demands on Berlin.

That the note will be read in comparison with the communication to Germany and that it will be studied in Berlin for proof of partiality toward the belligerents, is realized in official circles. The administration holds, however, that it was impossible to address Great Britain in quite the same manner as Germany in the submarine issue for the reason that the latter controversy involved a question of human, while the issues with Great Britain concern only property rights.

In this note the United States accepts even more frankly than in the controversy with Germany, the role of champion of neutral rights in the present war. Secretary Lansing says:

"It is of the highest importance to neutrals, not only of the present day but of the future, that the principles of international rights be maintained unimpaired. This task of championing the integrity of neutral rights, which have received the sanction of the civilized world against the lawless conduct of belligerents, arising out of the great conflict, which is now wasting the countries of Europe, the United States unhesitatingly assumes, and to the accomplishment of that task it will devote its energies, exercising always that impartiality which, from the outbreak of the war it has sought to exercise in its relations with the warring nations."

### Summoned to Obedience.

The British government is summoned to obedience of international law in the following sentence, regarded here as the strongest in the entire note: "The government of the United States, therefore, desires to impress most earnestly upon his majesty's government that it must insist that the relations between it and his majesty's government be governed, not by a policy of expediency, but by those established rules of international conduct on which Great Britain in the past has called the United States to account when the latter nation was a belligerent engaged in a struggle for national existence."

The note includes, among other exhibits, a long list of neutral ships which have been illegally interfered with by the British. The list, with the details in each case, constitutes in effect, the indictment against Great Britain on which the note proper is based.

The note groups the causes for protest under three heads:

First. The seizure and detention of vessels on the high seas on mere suspicion.

Second. The so-called blockade policy.

Third. The unsatisfactory and unacceptable character of the regulations governing and the procedure of British prize courts.

The American protest on these three grounds of complaint is summarized as follows:

"I believe it has been conclusively shown that the methods sought to be employed by Great Britain to obtain and use evidence of enemy destination of cargoes bound for neutral ports and to impose a contraband character on such cargoes are without justification; that the blockade upon which such methods are partly founded is ineffectual, illegal and indefensible; that the judicial procedure offered as a means of reparation for an international injury is inherently defective for the purpose and that in many cases justification is asserted in violation of the law of nations."

The note adds the additional warning that "the United States cannot submit to the curtailment of its neutral rights by these measures," or "with complacency suffer further subordination of its rights and interests to the plea that the exceptional geographic position of the enemies of Great Britain require or justify oppressive and illegal practices."

The newest matter in the note is that relating to the British prize court courts.

The note contends that the British prize courts acquire jurisdiction over neutral vessels by unlawful means. British authorities acting under British orders in council, many of which this government regards as in contradiction of international law, seize neutral vessels on the high seas on mere suspicion and take them into British ports, where they are within the territorial jurisdiction of British domestic law. The British have no right, it is said, to extend domestic law, such as the orders in council, to cover seizures on the high seas.

With reference to the British claim that the United States took a similar position in the Civil war and referred foreign claimants to prize courts for redress, the United States note declares that Great Britain is mistaken.

With respect to the British blockade the United States holds that it is not a blockade in law, practice or effect.

It is not effective in that German coasts are open to Scandinavian trade; it is not impartial because the northern neutrals are free to trade with Germany while the United States is virtually debarred from such trade.

Finally the note asserts that Great Britain herself has admitted increased exports to Scandinavian countries, which are free to trade with Germany.

The United States demands that searches be made entirely at sea and no vessel taken, as England has been taking them, into port, unless evidence is found on board her, in goods or in paper, sufficient to warrant a hearing before prize courts.

With reference to the charge that increased exports to neutrals raises a presumption of intended trans-shipment to the enemy, the United States flatly repudiates such a doctrine. It points out that British exports to these neutrals have increased.

"Great Britain cannot expect," Secretary Lansing asserts, "the United States to submit to such manifest injustice or to permit the rights of its citizens to be so seriously injured."

### WOMAN IGNITES CLOTHING

Son With One Arm, Saves Her Life  
By Extinguishing Fire.

Petersburg, Ind., Nov. 8.—Mrs. Lauro Howard, fifty-six years old, who has been ill for several years, became despondent and poured a gallon of coal oil on her clothing and applied a match.

Her son, Bain Taylor, heard her cries for help as the flames enveloped the woman and rushed to her assistance. He only has one arm, but he managed to tear off the burning clothing, saving his mother's life. One of his fingers was almost burned from his hand and his arm is terribly burned. Mrs. Howard may recover.

### PROTEST SUNDAY CLOSING

Chicago "Wets" Hold Monster Parade  
Protesting Mayor's Order.

Chicago, Nov. 8.—Forty-one thousand men, women and children, representing the United societies, the "wet" organization, marched down Michigan avenue and through the streets in the downtown district in a parade, protesting against Mayor Thompson's recent order of law enforcement, closing the saloons of the city on Sunday.

The day was perfect and the returns indicate the liquor forces turned out their extreme strength. The demonstration was overwhelming foreign in its make-up.

The parade took hours to pass a given point. As the paraders marched, hundreds of men, supposedly acting in the interest of the city administration, took their names.

A grand jury action, it is said, will be demanded on charges of conspiracy. It is also arranged to demand an aldermanic investigation of the alleged conspiracy at the council meeting tonight.

### Will Send Troops to England.

Kingston, Jamaica, Nov. 8.—The newly elected members of the legislature decided to move the government to send a big war contingent to help England, the colony bearing a special tax for the purpose.

### Pastors Get Gamble Bequest.

Chicago, Nov. 8.—Mrs. Fannie Nast Gamble of Cincinnati left \$120,000 to the pension fund for preachers of the Methodist Episcopal church. It was announced here.

### Leap From Window to Escape Fire.

Anderson, Ind., Nov. 8.—In a fire at Summitville in which two houses were destroyed, Mrs. George Pointer and two daughters escaped with their lives only by leaping from a second-story window.

### Turks Held For Ransom.

Naco, Ariz., Nov. 8.—All Turkish merchants in Cananea, Sonora, have been arrested and held for ransom by Villa authorities, according to advices

### Some Queer Ones

Editor suspended paper a week at Wenatchee, Wash., to marry.

Woman in wheel chair twenty-eight years and man with no feet wed in California.

Wooed with pies, Brooklyn girl married man who had sent her one a day for weeks.

Razor blades so scarce since the war stopped imports, eight story building erected at Newark, N. J., to make them.

Mad dog called own executioners in Danville, Ill. Upset phone, central heard growls over wire and notified police.

Caught swallowing a spoon, Minnesotta woman operated on and in stomach were seven silver spoons, a hairpin, a long straw and ball of hair.

Vow never to cast another vote, made when Lincoln was assassinated, has been broken by Brooklyn man to vote for friend for alderman.

Two hour prayer saved Philadelphia woman, whose husband allowed her to pray while he cleaned his revolver to kill her. Son slipped out and got policeman during the prayer.

### \$239,000,000 LOST IN MAIL FRAUDS IN FOUR YEARS

This Sum Has Been Taken by Schemes  
Despite Vigilance of Federal Officers.

Fraudulent schemes ranging from offers of \$100 to girls for the use of their photos in advertising a new brand of chewing gum to the sale of finger rings supposed to cure everything from St. Vitus dance to adenoids have swindled the American public of more than \$239,000,000 in the last four years, according to postoffice officials.

In an effort to reduce this wholesale victimization the postoffice department has issued fifty-six fraud orders during the last year. The issuance of such an order denies the person named in it the use of the mails.

"The number of fraudulent schemes has been greatly diminished," said J. Julian Southerland, assistant solicitor of the postoffice department, who passes on most of the fraud order cases, "but the records show that during the last four years the schemes suppressed had filched from the public over \$239,000,000. One concern had receipts of over \$350,000 last year. The promoter of a fake anti-fat preparation spent \$50,000 in a single month on advertising.

"During the last four years the department has had over 15,000 cases involving fraudulent use of the mails, and during that period has received and answered about 200,000 communications relating to fraudulent use of the mails.

"Last year investigations were undertaken in 4,000 cases, and over 40,000 complaints and inquiries were received."

During the Taft administration comparatively few fraud orders were issued, being the position of the chief executive that persons guilty of violating the postal laws should be prosecuted in the courts.

It was pointed out, however, that legal delays of one sort and another often made it possible to conduct a fraudulent business for months and years. Even after conviction the fine was often much less than the government's cost of prosecution.

The present administration has adopted the policy of issuing a fraud order wherever one is believed to be warranted.

### NATIONAL BUDGET URGED.

Chamber of Commerce of U. S. Starts  
a Big Campaign.

The chamber of commerce of the United States has started a campaign to show the need of a national budget and a permanent tariff commission. The commercial organizations of the country are practically unanimous in favor of action on both questions at the coming session of congress, it is said.

John H. Fahey, president of the chamber, will choose a special committee for the crusade. The 700 organizations affiliated with the chamber will each appoint a committee of three to five men.

### GLAD WILSON IS TO MARRY.

Pennsylvania Boy Wants School to  
Close on the Wedding Day.

The following letter from a schoolboy in Easton, Pa., was received at the White House the other day:

"Dear Mr. President Wilson—We are glad to hear that you are going to get married again. We want to ask a favor—if we could have school off when you get married? This is the first time I ever wrote to a president and sincerely hope you will answer it."

The letter is headed with this request: "Please answer in any spare time."

### WHEN MOTHER VOTES.

If mother goes out to vote some day Then who will rock the baby? The one who rocked it when she went To pay the taxes, maybe!

—Pennsylvania Suffrage Bulletin.

## The new Royal

Price \$100  
\$125 in Canada



### The Herald of Better Service

In the arena of "Big Business" has appeared a new steel-brained champion, the Master-Model of the Royal—the machine with the rapid-fire action; the typewriter that fires letters as an automatic gun spits bullets!

Unless you are "Royalized," you are paying the price of the Royal without knowing it—*besides that of your old-style machine*—in the higher cost of your business letters.

### Built for "Big Business" and its Great Army of Expert Operators

This master-machine does the work of several typewriters in one—it writes, types cards and bills! The one machine does it all—with any "special" attachments.

### Get the Facts!

Send for the "Royal man" and ask for DEMONSTRATION. Investigate the new machine that takes the "grind" out of typewriting. Or write us direct for our new brochure, BETTER SERVICE, and book of facts on Touch Typing—with a handsome Color-Photograph of the new Royal Master-Model 10, sent free to typewriter users. "Write now—right now!"

ROYAL TYPEWRITER COMPANY, Inc.  
903 Pine St., St. Louis, Mo.

### Weather Signals.

Warning—One long blast.

One long—Fair weather, stationary temperature.

Two long—Rain or snow, stationary temperature.

Three long—Local rain, stationary temperature.

One long, one short—Fair weather, lower temperature.

One long, two short—Fair weather, higher temperature.

Two long, one short—Rain or snow, lower temperature.

Two long, two short—Rain or snow, higher temperature.

Three long, one short—Local rain, higher temperature.

Three long, two short—Local rain, higher temperature.

Three short—Cloud wave.

### FIRE DISTRICTS.

Seymour's fire map shows that the five wards are divided into twenty-two fire districts and when an alarm is given the fire bell gives the number of the ward in taps, then after a pause the district number is sounded.

When calling the telephone exchange for a fire alarm always give the street and number where the fire is located. Do not attempt to call by fire districts.

### FIRST WARD.

District 13, bounded by Vine, Fourth, Penn. Railroad and B. & O. Railroad.

District 14, bounded by Vine, Fourth, B. & O. Railroad and Corporation limits.

District 15, bounded by Vine, Fourth, Seventh and corporation limits.

District 16, bounded by Vine, Fourth, Seventh and Penn. Railroad.

District 17, bounded by Seventh, Penn. Railroad and corporation limits.

District 18, bounded by Laurel, Penn. Railroad and corporation limits.

District 19, bounded by Chestnut, Brown, Penn. Railroad and B. & O. Railroad.

District 20, bounded by Chestnut, Brown, Poplar and B. & O. Railroad.

District 21, bounded by Poplar, Brown, B. & O. Railroad and corporation limits.

District 22, bounded by Poplar, Brown, Lynn and McDonald.

District 23, bounded by Poplar, Third, B. & O. Railroad and Pennsylvania Railroad.

District 24, bounded by Poplar, Third, Central Avenue and B. & O. Railroad.

District 25

## DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS



Well, well! who is it from?

## Patience

We catch that "Wonderful Expression,"  
Hence our Success as "Baby's Photographer"

## PLATTER &amp; CO.

Make an  
Appointment or  
Come  
Any Morning

## Periscopic Paragraphs.

## It Isn't Failure.

It isn't failure to have lost.  
A battle you have nobly fought,  
If buffeted and tempest-tossed  
You failed to reach the goal you  
sought.

It isn't failure, though the prize  
Into another's hands is placed;  
A hero very often dies,  
If dying keeps him undisgraced.

To bow unto a better man

Is not the worst thing you can do;  
Success is not in things we scan,

But in the heart forever true.

It takes more courage far to fail,  
Than win a victory undeserved,

To bear the taunts of those who rail,

Than from your purpose to be  
swerved.

Success is not in having won

The golden prizes of today;

It is not in the deeds you've done,

But rather it is in the way

You conquered, that you will be  
judgedWhen all of earth's accounts are  
in;

If you keep honor still unsmudged,

God does not ask of you to win.

—Edgar A. Guest.

Detroit Free Press.

"Yale wins brilliant victory," says  
a New Haven head line. And how  
that chess triumph must console  
them for three straight football  
defeats.

And now they tell us Mrs. Galt is  
a descendant of Pocahontas. Wood-  
row ought to join the Redmen.

Saturday's game at West Point  
bears out the oft repeated assertion  
that the army is not prepared for  
invasion.

Can you blame Villa for imagining

he can trounce the army, especially  
if he has been reading the football  
news and noted the defeats handed  
out to both the army and navy.

It is rumored that several extem-  
poraneous talks for the Commercial  
Club banquet are being carefully  
prepared by some of our well known  
orators.

Suggestion to college students:  
Why not have a bonfire celebration  
when the football team wins a victory?

A local B. & O. freight conductor

was filling out a report blank on the  
untimely end of a cow which had got  
in the way of his train. He came to  
the question on the blank which said  
"advise disposition of animal." He  
wasn't sure, but he was willing to  
give the bovine the benefit of the  
doubt; so he wrote after the question,  
"kind and gentle."

Nobody likes a quitter, but at that  
they've got it on those who never  
start anything.

Famous sayings of famous men:  
Thomas J. Edison: "Everybody  
knows Billie Bryan."

In other words, Edison thinks  
W. J. B. is using some poor records.  
Does he mean to knock the Ex-Sec-  
retary, or boost the Edison Diamond  
Disks?

## Just Like Him to Do It.

The farmer, wearing a long face,  
entered the country drug store. "I've  
got something wrong with my stom-  
ach," he announced, "and I want you  
to give me something for it."

"All right," replied the apothecary  
cheerfully; "what are your symp-  
toms?"

"Every little while something  
seems to rise up and settle back, and  
then by-and-by it rises up and sets-  
tles back again."

The druggist stroked his chin re-  
flectively. "Look here," he said  
gravely; "you haven't gone and swal-  
lowed an elevator, have you?"

A. F. OF L. CONVENTION  
HELD AT SAN FRANCISCO

Gompers and Representatives of  
Nearly Four Million Laborers,  
on Western Coast.

By United Press

San Francisco, November 8.—  
Samuel Gompers and representatives  
of nearly four million laborers of all  
classes in the United States were  
here at the opening today of the annual  
convention of The American  
Federation of Labor. There are 500  
delegates. The convention will last  
two weeks.

The question of indorsing national  
prohibition is expected to cause much  
discussion in the convention. Mat-  
ters of all degrees of importance effec-  
ting the various labor organizations  
represented, will be acted upon by  
the convention. President Gompers  
is expected to have considerable  
to say about the activities of foreign  
government agents fomenting trouble  
among laborers in munitions plants  
and elsewhere.

The question of the federation's  
endorsement or condemnation of in-  
creased national defense is expected  
to bring forth protracted discussion.

Gompers and other labor leaders re-  
cently have declared themselves in  
favor of "reasonable" defense plans  
for the country. Just what constitutes  
"reasonable" defense will be up to  
the convention to say. Endorsement of the LaFollette sea  
men's law and action on the East-  
land disaster at Chicago is expected.

Sentiment at democratic head-  
quarters here is all Wilson. At re-  
publican headquarters officials are  
"strictly neutral" on candidates.

Meetings of the union label, metal  
trades, mining, railroad and building  
trades branches of the federation  
will be conducted at the same time.

The condition of T. M. Jackson,  
North Chestnut street, remains prac-  
tically unchanged.

If you want special advice write to  
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confi-  
dential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will  
be opened, read and answered by a  
woman and held in strict confidence.

ACTIVITY SHOWN  
BY PARTY LEADERS

National Democratic and Republican  
Committees are Ready for  
Campaign.

## HOW CANDIDATES ARE NAMED

Three Cities want G. O. P. Conven-  
tion in June and Five Bidding on  
Democratic Meeting.

By United Press.

Washington, Nov. 8.—The real  
regular machinery which will pick  
and groom the next Republican and  
Democratic candidates for president  
will be started up in December.

With the meetings here of the  
National committees at that time, the  
dates and places of meeting of the  
Democratic and Republican conven-  
tions will be decided upon. From  
then on, committee headquarters here  
will be busily watching booms, pri-  
maries, delegations and the other de-  
tails of the program of picking the  
president.

Chicago, Philadelphia and San  
Francisco are bidding for the re-  
publican convention. The seaboard  
cities find Chicago's central location  
is the chief thing they have to com-  
bat and each is going about offsetting  
this in her own way. The con-  
vention will be held the latter part of  
June.

Dallas, St. Louis, Chicago, Buf-  
falo and Omaha are contenders for  
the democratic convention.

Responding to a demand following  
the last Republican convention, there  
has been a cut of ninety delegates,

largely among the southern delega-  
tions, which represented districts in  
which there is little republican  
strength. The number cut off is as  
follows: Alabama, 8; Arkansas, 3;

Florida, 4; Georgia, 12; Louisiana,  
8; Mississippi, 8; New York, 2; North  
Carolina, 3; South Carolina, 7; Ten-  
nessee, 2; Texas, 14; Virginia, 9. It  
has been ruled that the Hawaiian,  
Philippine and Porto Rican dele-  
gates, numbering ten, cannot vote,  
and they are included in the ninety.

This brings the number of Repub-  
lican delegates down to 988. The  
Democratic delegation number 1,088.

In nineteen states, the delegations  
are now chosen by primaries, and  
these are looked forward to with keen  
interest as showing the desires of the  
country in the matter of candidates.

The primaries will be held as fol-  
lows:

Indiana, March 7; Minnesota, March

14; New Hampshire, March 14; North  
Dakota, March 21; Michi-

gan, April 3; Wisconsin, New York,  
Illinois, April 4; Iowa, April 10;

Nebraska, Oregon, April 18; Mas-

sachusetts, April 25; Maryland, May

1; California, Ohio, May 9; Pennsyl-  
vania, May 16; New Jersey, May 23;

South Dakota, West Virginia, June 6.

In Alabama, there is a primary bill

pending in the legislature and in Ver-  
mont the primary bill passed will be

voted upon at a referendum this winter.

Of the 988 republican delegates,

582 or considerably over half, are  
named in this way, and slightly over

half of the democratic delegates. The

remainder are chosen in caucuses.

Sentiment at democratic head-  
quarters here is all Wilson. At re-  
publican headquarters officials are  
"strictly neutral" on candidates.

Meetings of the union label, metal  
trades, mining, railroad and building  
trades branches of the federation  
will be conducted at the same time.

The condition of T. M. Jackson,  
North Chestnut street, remains prac-  
tically unchanged.

If you want special advice write to  
Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confi-  
dential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will  
be opened, read and answered by a  
woman and held in strict confidence.

We do "Printing that Please."

## LIST OF ALLOWANCES.

Made at the November, 1915, meeting  
of the County Commissioners of Jack-  
son County.

Van Robertson, prisoners' exp... \$ 80.80  
Jeanette Snyder, prisoners' exp... 5.00  
William A. Dickmeyer, cor. inq... 9.00  
Harry W. Foss, clerks cor. inq... 2.00  
Samuel Wible, witness cor. inq... .85  
Joseph Stein, witness cor. inq... .85  
Perry Rhodes, witness cor. inq... .85  
Wm. A. Dickmeyer, coroner's exp... 2.25  
Chas. H. Wallace, constable exp... 2.95  
Wm. A. Dickmeyer, cor. inq... 8.50  
A. H. Mitschke, clerk, inquest... 2.00  
Martin Miller, witness cor. inq... 2.00  
A. H. Mitschke, witness cor. inq... .85  
Mrs. A. H. Mitschke, witness cor. inq... .85  
S. B. Moore, truant officer... 42.00  
Northwestern Mfg. Co., court hse... 7.50  
Henry Ellerman, engineer... 50.00  
John R. Cooley, janitor... 50.00  
John R. Cooley, court house... 3.50  
Continental Mfg. Co., court house... 3.50  
Arthur Barnum, poor farm... 5.15  
J. L. Cross, poor farm... 34.95  
Arthur Gregor, poor farm... 6.15  
B'twn W. & L. Co., poor farm... 1.05  
Worth Clark, poor orphan chil... 4.05  
Home Tel. Co., court house... 9.00  
Home Tel. Co., poor farm... 1.50  
Home Tel. Co., sheriff's office... 1.50  
Home Tel. Co., treasurer's office... .50  
Home Tel. Co., judge ens... .40  
Tuberculosis Hospital... 5.75  
Willard Stout, ins. inq. clerk's fees... 5.00  
Van Robertson, ins. inq. shir. fees... 24.47  
Ed C. Peters, ins. inq. J. P. fees... 5.00  
Virgil Abel, ins. inq. med. exam... 3.00  
Neal Matlock, ins. inq. med. exam... 3.00  
Geo. F. Cummings, ins. inq. med. att... 3.00  
H. Clark, ins. inq. shir. fees... 30.00  
Van Robertson, ins. inq. shir. fees... 24.47  
John Congdon, ins. inq. shir. fees... 3.00  
J. M. Jenkins, ins. inq. med. att... 3.00  
J. M. Shields, ins. inq. med. exam... 6.00  
L. B. Hill, ins. inq. med. exam... 3.00  
Will Eastin, ins. inq. clothing... 30.00  
Kovener & Son, sold. burial... 50.00  
Ed Peters, roads and highways... 4.00  
L. M. Mead, roads and highways... 4.00  
Lawrence Hauer, rds. and highways... 4.00  
James W. Wayman, bridge eng... 12.00  
Frank M. Darling, erron. tax... 2.50  
B'twn W. & L. Co., court house... 10.50  
B'twn W. & L. Co., poor farm... 5.00  
Kattman & Hancock, J. B. Thomp-  
son bridge... 429.75  
Kattman & Hancock, Beaton br... 186.00  
Kattman & Hancock, Schurman br... 364.45  
Kattman & Hancock, Gruber br... 364.45  
Early Lutes, McKain bridge... 149.50  
Charles Beaton, supt. Beaton br... 14.00  
Ben F. McIver, supt. Schaefer br... 26.00  
O. P. McIver, supt. Chas. Brook, Oathout bridge... 116.65  
Howard Smith, supt. McMillen br... 18.00  
John W. Henderson, supt. Sthrd br... 34.00  
Holle & Tiemeyer, Richrd ditch br... 134.50  
Harry Barnum, Oathout bridge... 5.25  
R. F. Buhner, bridge repair... 12.75  
BRIDGE PAINTING.  
C. E. Lovell, supt... 13.10  
William Fultz... 11.55  
Union Hardware Co... 11.40  
Edwards & Horstman... 106.00  
C. C. Tinder, supt... 32.80  
Marion Crowe, supt... 15.25  
C. W. Wayman, supt... 31.40  
Dan McOsker, supt... 26.40  
G. S. Gray, supt... 133.88  
O. P. Sterling, supt... 4.63  
J. M. Collins, supt... 72.32  
William Brandt, supt... 3.30  
A. E. Hall, supt... 63.25  
Edward Dixon, supt... 36.37  
Chris. Moritz, supt... 51.10  
Gen. Zimmerman, supt... 2.25  
E. Glasson, supt... 5.75  
Jas. W. Wayman, eng. Bishop road... 24.00  
McCammon & Rich Bishop Road... 2,300.00  
J. W. Fleenor, Bishop road... 88.00  
Jas. A. Wayman, Schurman road... 12.00  
Jennings, Beabout & Marberry,  
Schurman road... 500.00  
George Riekers, Schurman road... 152.00  
Ephraim Brown, M. M. road... 60.00  
Jas. W. Wayman, M. M. M. road... 20.00  
George Zimmerman, M. M. M. road... 30.00  
J. W. Wayman, Wdy McN G. R... 20.00  
David H. Hawkins, Wdy McN G. R... 30.00  
C. O. Robertson, Wdy McN G. R... 60.00  
Jas. W. Wayman, Waskom G. R... 12.00  
W. W. Tabb, Dobbins G. R... 62.00  
Jas. DeGolyer, Dobbins G. R... 129.00  
Anna Kober, Clements G. R... 15.00  
R. A. Baldwin, Dobbins G. R... 14.50  
R. A. Baldwin, bridges G. R... 4.00  
R. A. Baldwin, bridges G. R... 160.00  
GRAVEL ROAD REPAIR.  
Henry Price, supt... 2.83  
Henry Price, supt... 127.50  
F. E. Glasson, supt... 144.57  
F. M. Callahan, supt... 318.44  
Bruce Fleetwood, supt... 94.80  
C. C. Tinder, supt... 281.25  
J. W. Stergeon, supt... 436.08  
William Meyer, supt... 85.90  
G. S. Gray, supt... 110.90  
A. E. Hall, supt... 169.48  
William Brandt, supt... 107.65  
J. M. Collins, supt... 57.45  
Henry Drinkenberg, supt... 138.68  
Louis Aufenberg, supt... 443.85  
J. L. Stilwell, supt... 281.25  
Samuel Baker, supt... 227.00  
C. M. Wayman, supt... 287.80  
Henry T. Zollman, supt... 271.05  
Dan McOsker, supt... 200.01  
O. P. Sterling, supt

## THE REPUBLICAN

JAY C. SMITH, Editor and Publisher

Entered at the Seymour, Indiana,  
Postoffice as Second-class Matter.

DAILY.

One Year .....	\$5.00
Six Months .....	2.50
Three Months .....	1.25
One Month .....	.45
One Week .....	.10

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1915.

The Commercial Club holds a place of peculiar importance in any city. To it are entrusted questions which affect the future advancement and welfare of the city. The various propositions to locate new industries are referred to that organization and to the directors and officers is left largely the responsibility of deciding the merits of each communication. In scores of other ways the Commercial Club helps the city.

During the last ten years there has developed keen competition between cities as well as between dealers in all lines. It would be difficult for a live, well regulated city to make much progress without the assistance of some sort of an organization of this character. The Commercial Club is also needed for the further development of the city within. A city's advancement does not necessarily come from the outside. There are many activities in the city itself that can be taken up and encouraged that will result in a vast amount of good.

The local Commercial Club has been a valuable organization to Seymour. Its membership is composed of the men who desire to see Seymour grow and prosper. The officers and directors serve without compensation. Their reward is the fruits of their efforts. The officers and directors of the local organization have done much and are deserving of the credit accorded them.

The benefit coming from an organization of this kind depends upon the co-operation and support given by the members and the citizens generally. Every Seymour citizen is interested in the advancement of our city and accordingly ought to give their support to the Commercial organization. A good time to begin co-operating is now. Tickets are on sale for the banquet which has been arranged Friday night. Following the banquet the annual meeting and election of officers will take place. The year's work of this organization will be indicated by the attendance at this meeting. Give it a good start by your presence.

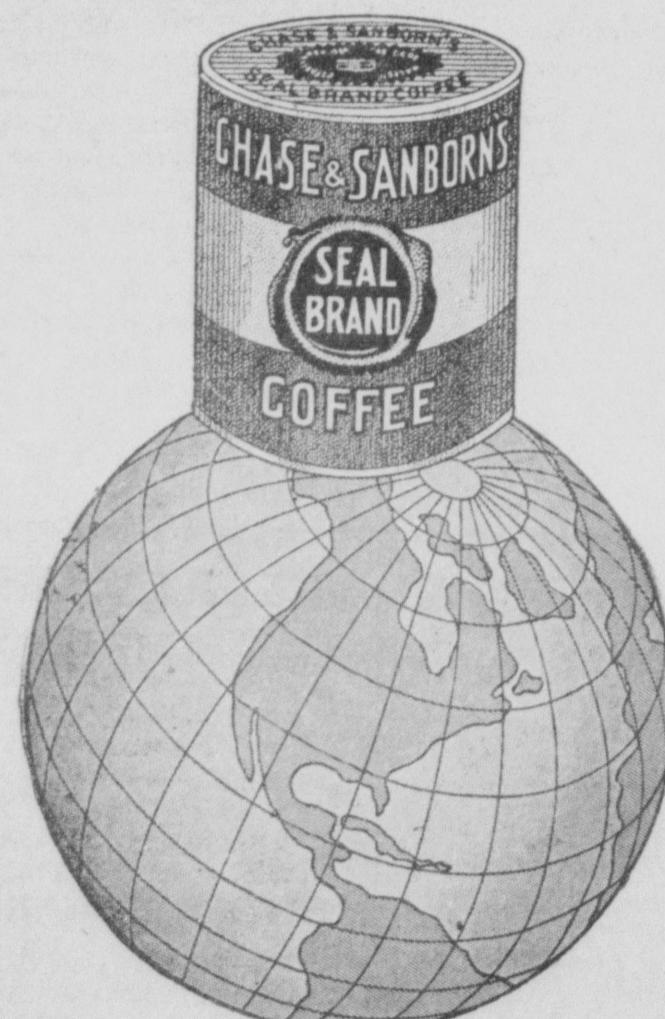
## THE PRESIDENT'S NOTE.

It would be difficult for this country to protest to any of the warring European countries without receiving in reply a vigorous protest. It is even almost impossible to draft a note to one faction that would be satisfactory to another unless the communication was drastic and threatening. But the United States as a neutral country cannot do this.

## Sunday School Reports.

Att.	Col.
Baptist .....	248
Christian .....	126
Nazarene .....	88
Woodstock .....	86
Presbyterian .....	75
Southwest Mission .....	41
	664
	\$29.62

Seymour Business College Phone 403

THE FINEST COFFEE  
ON EARTH

CHASE & SANBORN'S  
SEAL BRAND  
The MODEL GROCERY  
Phone 28  
Exclusive Agents for Seymour

When the world is at peace American communications to foreign countries are couched in the most friendly terms. The United States now is at peace with the world and consequently her notes must be framed accordingly.

England may accuse this country of placing "American profits above British welfare," and palpably untrue as this may be, it is only natural that the English should view any protest in this light. All America is asking is that she be given the rights which are due by international law to a neutral nation. Surely we have the rights of the seas. The seas belong to all nations to be used by all. Any country only can exercise jurisdiction along the limited coast boundaries.

The shipment of American goods to Holland and other neutral ports are made in good faith. If such exports are sent to any of the belligerent nations after they reach such neutral ports the responsibility rests there, not with the United States. Such shipments are made according to the laws of the nations which have been approved by European powers. America's legal position cannot be questioned and because of the spirit of fairness which characterizes the note to Great Britain there is no fear of this country becoming involved in international disputes at this time.

## WOODLAND AND FIELDS IN JENNINGS COUNTY BURNED

Farms of James Douglass, Dr. A. B. Irwin and John C. Trembley Swept by Flames.

More than one hundred acres of woodland and fields in Jennings county were swept by fire Sunday night and the loss will reach hundreds of dollars. The fire was on the farms of James Douglass, Dr. A. B. Irwin and John C. Trembley. Mr. Trembley lives at Columbus and is a grocery salesman.

It is not known how the fire started. Dr. Irwin told the Republican this afternoon that he had received word of the fire and had sent several men to the farm to assist in extinguishing the flames. He said at the last report the fire was rapidly spreading towards a lumber pile which contained between eight and nine thousand feet of timber. He believes that this was destroyed. He also stated that the fire had burned over a large tract of woodland and many line fences and cross fences had been consumed. He did not know late this afternoon whether or not the fire was under control but thought that the farmers were still fighting it.

## Sunday School Reports.

Att.	Col.
Baptist .....	248
Christian .....	126
Nazarene .....	88
Woodstock .....	86
Presbyterian .....	75
Southwest Mission .....	41
	664
	\$29.62

Seymour Business College Phone 403

Fall and Winter Suits  
Underpriced From a Third and Less

\$12.50 to \$15  
SUITS  
\$8.75

\$16.50 to \$20  
SUITS  
\$12.95

—Fur trimmed broadcloth and velvet, mannish serges, wool poplin, whipcord, a fine collection of stunning models, including every good style in present favor that ranks among the best to be had in the markets.



\$22.50 to \$25  
SUITS  
\$16.75

\$25.00 to \$30  
SUITS  
\$19.75

MILLINERY SPECIALS  
TRIMMED HATS

\$1.75      \$2.75      \$3.75

—In materials and workmanship that conform with perfect style. Fabrics of known quality such as are employed in productions of only the best makers—in a wide range of newest weaves and colorings.

## THE GOLD MINE DEPT. STORE

## SOCIAL EVENTS.

## MISSIONARY CONFERENCE.

The Woman's Missionary Society of the First Baptist church of Seymour will be hostess Tuesday to the Woman's Missionary Societies of the churches of Brownstown Baptist Association, at an all day meeting. The program will begin at 10 o'clock and continue during the afternoon. The ladies of the local society will take their noon luncheon to the church and serve it there for their guests. Miss Della Dearborn, of Indianapolis, State Secretary, and Miss Mildred Jones, a missionary, will be present and speak during the conference. The Brownstown Association includes the Baptist churches of Jackson county and some in Jennings, Scott and Washington counties. Several out-of-town delegates and visitors are expected for the conference.

## W. H. M. SOCIETY.

The Woman's Home Missionary Society of the First M. E. church will meet in the church Tuesday afternoon at 2:30. The hostesses are: Mesdames Mayme Wiethoff, Ruth Allen, Emma Johnson and Mary Wil-

son. Lesson Topics: "Money and the Kingdom," "Social Force of Christian Missions," Central Thought, "No Man Liveth to Himself." Devotions.....Mrs. Emma Russell. Roll Call and Business.

The program outline follows:

Responsive Reading. Leader.....Mrs. Alice Noelker. Music ..... Chorus. Story, "Working Together with Him" ..... Mrs. Adda Bush. Members urged to be present. Visitors cordially invited.

## WINONA CLUB.

The Winona Club celebrated the first anniversary of its organization Saturday. In the afternoon a very interesting program was given and consisted of readings and concert solos. After the program a banquet was served from six to seven o'clock.

The evening session was devoted to the business of the organization. Several new points were brought up for discussion one which was the organization of the annual union convention.

The Winona Club is a boys' organization. The first meeting was held Saturday afternoon, November 7, 1914 when but four members were enrolled. Since that time new members have joined from time to time until the membership roll now numbers fourteen.

## DINNER PARTY.

Mr. and Mrs. William Sullivan entertained at dinner Sunday at their home on North Ewing street, in honor of their guests, Mr. and Mrs. Will Williamson and son, of Terre Haute, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Plummer and children, of Sparks. Other guests were: Mr. and Mrs. Roseoe Speer and daughter, Elder and Mrs. G. M. Shuttles and daughter, Miss Luella Shuttles. An elegant dinner was served during the noon hour.

## n8-10-12-13d

## CABIN PARTY.

Misses Irene McGinnis, Bernette Birch, Lesta Birch, Elsie Reynolds, Mrs. Harold Stewart, and Harold Stewart, Geo. McLaughlin, Cliff Starr, Roy Roegge and Chas. Hess enjoyed a week-end party at Peters' Cabin.

## LOYAL DAUGHTERS.

Mrs. R. W. Hargitt will entertain the members of the Loyal Daughters' class of the First Baptist Sunday School, Tuesday evening at her home on East Third street.

## FORTNIGHTLY CLUB.

Mrs. Byford Cunningham will be hostess Tuesday afternoon, at her home on North Chestnut street, to the members of the Fortnightly Club.

## CELEBRATED BIRTHDAY.

Miss Julia Noelker was pleasantly surprised Sunday in honor of her birthday, by quite a number of her friends gathering at her home.

## BAZAAR and SUPPER.

The Ladies' Aid of the Catholic church will give a bazaar and oyster supper at the K. of C. hall Tuesday, November 16. Don't buy your gifts for Christmas until you have seen our display of fancy work.

n9d

Hear Clyde Poulter, impersonator and reader at the Christian Church November 15.

Advertised in The REPUBLICAN. It PAYS

COUNTRY STORE  
SPECIALS  
GOOD FOR the ENTIRE WEEK

Just arrived a new line of Men's and Women's Umbrellas, all attractive handles. Frames guaranteed against breakage for 1 year only

98c

Hunting Season has arrived. We are prepared with complete line of Shells.

New Club, box..... 40c

Nitro Club Smokeless, box..... 55c

14 inch Park Pointer, coal stove, plain finish, nicely nickelated, \$10.00 value for..... \$8.98

16 inch size, same stove as above, \$12.50 value for..... \$9.98

\$32.50 Steel Range, guaranteed Baker, Sale Price..... \$25.00

Sleep Meter Alarm Clock, each..... 98c

## RAY R. KEACH

East Second Street,

SEYMORE, IND.

THE  
French Steam Dye Works  
"The Garment Cleaners"

Cleaning, Dyeing, Repairing, Pressing  
and General Tailoring.

All work guaranteed equally as good or better than you will receive in any city. We specialize on Ladies' Dresses and Suits.

Work Called For and Delivered Promptly.  
Satisfaction Guaranteed.

## De. DeMatteo

Phone 468.

24 E. 2nd St.

One Door East of Interurban.

We Clean Kid Gloves Free of Charge With All Orders.

## Fred Sciarra

Phone R-317.

New location 11 S. Chestnut St.

PLUMBING and GAS  
FITTING

We are now in our new quarters, formerly the Quinn Plumbing Co., and are ready to give you first class plumbing, heating, gas fitting and general repair work, at prices that are right. Full line of gas and electric fixtures, bath room supplies etc. Let us figure on your work.

## CARTER PLUMBING CO.

115 South Chestnut Street

Advertise in The REPUBLICAN. It PAYS

# Why Wait

## to Purchase Your Fall Wearing Apparel?

Under the present conditions you will get BETTER GOODS NOW than later in the season.

We still show ONLY GUARANTEED goods and by buying here you will be assured of getting the HIGHEST QUALITY as well as correct style.

### THE HUB

Seymour's Best Clothing Store

**CHAS. E. GILLESPIE, M. D.**  
Practice limited to diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat and Fitting Glasses.  
Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m.  
Andrews Building Phone 245  
SEYMORE, INDIANA.

**Andrew Ruddick**  
Baggage and Light Hauling.  
All calls will be given prompt and careful attention. Leave orders at White's coal office. Phone No. 1.

**L. D. ROBERTSON,**  
**OSTEOPATH**  
Office 10½ N. Chestnut St.  
Hours: 9 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m. On Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday; 7 to 8 p. m. every evening. Sunday by appointment. Graduate American School of Osteopathy, Kirksville, Mo.

**Samuel Wible**  
**Baggage & Transfer**  
Office Phone 468  
Residence Phone: 352

**W. H. BURKLEY**  
REAL ESTATE  
INSURANCE  
AND LOANS  
SEYMORE, IND.

**SEWER TILE and CEMENT**  
**H. F. WHITE**  
PHONE NO. 1

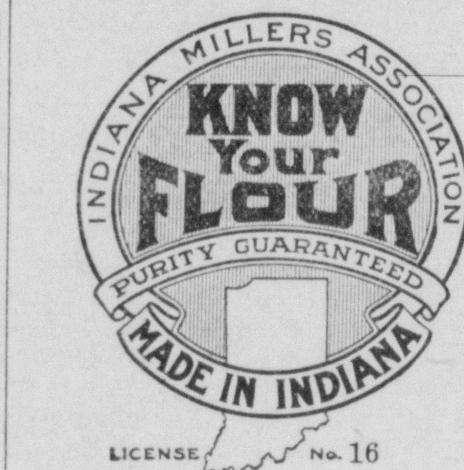
**FIRE INSURANCE**  
A few dollars invested today may save you thousands tomorrow.  
E. W. BLISH, Room No. 11 Postal Building

They Cost Little, They Do Much—  
**OUR WANT ADS.**



Two kinds of Silver ware but many variations. The variations are in our stock, but we carry only one kind, that of the highest quality, it shows for itself that it is not the cheap premium, or mail order quality. We will prove it.

**J. G. LAUPUS, Jeweler**  
Chestnut St.



**COLONIAL**—80c  
**SUCCESS**—75c  
**HONEY BOY**—25c

**GREEK FROM TURKEY**  
TAKES POSITION HERE

**Leonidas Leondiades Obtained Knowledge of English Language in American School.**

Leondiades, a Greek who until two years ago lived in Constantinople, Turkey, has accepted a position in the Sparta, of which James Demas is proprietor. Mr. Demas has made arrangements to serve light lunches at his store and Mr. Leondiades will have charge of that department.

Leondiades speaks English so fluently that persons who have met him have inquired how he acquired knowledge of the language so readily. He explained that he attended an American school at Konia, Asia Minor, his former home, for several years and studied the same subjects that are given in the schools in this country. He had a speaking knowledge of English when he came to this country. He lived in Indianapolis before coming here.

Leondiades says his father is a commission merchant in Constantinople and before the European war was very successful. He told of one instance when the government took over wheat to the value of \$3,750 which had been shipped by his father from Konia to Constantinople. That was just after war was declared and the Turkish government confiscated the grain for military purposes. The shipper received nothing for it.

Leondiades says that he was in Turkey during the last Balkan war, and while he was too young to serve in the army he was afraid that he might be compelled to take up arms against Greece, his native country. Rather than do this, he said, he ran away to avoid military duty and came here.

#### Notice.

I have taken over the Fire Insurance Agency of the late H. P. Miller and expect to continue the business along the same line as did Mr. Miller, who conducted the Agency successfully for nearly forty years. I will be associated with E. E. Hamilton, Room 3 Dehler Building, in a General Insurance Agency.

n8d Charles F. Bush.

#### Gas and Electric Discounts.

Under the new schedule of rates which become effective Nov. 1st, all gas bills must be paid by the 10th and electric bills by the 15th in order to secure the discounts for prompt payment.

n10d

Mr. and Mrs. Norman Barkman and daughters, Norma and Mary Margaret, ent to Indianapolis Saturday to visit over Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Carl Boettcher.

#### PERSONAL.

C. S. Milburn went to Madison this morning on business.

G. H. Anderson went to Indianapolis this morning on business.

William Wente, of Indianapolis, transacted business here today.

Leonard Henderson, of Connersville, spent Sunday here with friends.

Ernest Cox went to Indianapolis this morning, where he has a position.

Mrs. Howard Brown came from Cincinnati this morning to spend the day with relatives.

E. A. Remy was at home with his family Sunday and returned to Greensburg this morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Ruthlman, of Dillsboro, came Sunday and are the guests of relatives here.

Mrs. John Wiese returned to her home in Indianapolis after a visit with relatives for the past week.

Miss Ruth Chambers spent Sunday in Columbus with her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Patterson.

Miss Lucille Moriarity returned this morning from Mitchell, where she spent Sunday with her mother.

John M. Lewis, O. O. Swails and Harlan Montgomery went to Browns town this morning to attend court.

Mrs. D. W. Daily, of Charlestown, is here on account of the serious illness of her mother, Mrs. Robinson.

William Byrne, of Louisville, spent Sunday here the guest of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Byrne.

Miss Julia Aikens, who spent Sunday here with friends, returned to her home in Indianapolis this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. D. Combs, of Reddington, spent Sunday here with Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Kriengagen and family.

Mr. and Mrs. Theo. Sweetland, of Terre Haute, came this afternoon to spend the week here with her son and family.

Mrs. Lawrence Byrne returned Saturday from Bedford, where she has been visiting relatives for several days.

Mrs. Henry Siebenbergen returned this afternoon from Sandusky, O., where she has been visiting relatives for the past week.

Mr. and Mrs. Ellsworth Johnson, of Anchorage, Ky., came Sunday to visit with Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Byrne and family.

Scott Hardin went to Columbus Sunday morning and spent the day with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Hardin and family.

Mrs. Joseph Ackerman and Mrs. Albert Miller returned home Saturday from Carmi, Ill., where they have been visiting relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Huffman motored here Sunday from Franklin and were guests of Mr. and Mrs. Chris. Westmeyer and family.

Mrs. Edward Claybaker arrived here Saturday from Black Hawk, Okla., to visit with her sister, Mrs. Walter Kasting and family.

Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Plummer and children, of Sparksville, were here Sunday to spend the day with Mr. and Mrs. Will Sullivan.

Ed McClure and Frank Robinson and family of North Vernon, were here Sunday to see Mrs. Elizabeth Robinson, who is quite sick.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Williamson and son, who have been visiting with relatives here, returned to their home in Terre Haute this morning.

Miss Minnie Hustedt, accompanied by her niece, Lucile Bender, went to New Albany and Louisville Sunday to spend a few days with relatives.

Mrs. Earl Trabue and daughter returned to their home in Mitchell Sunday afternoon after a visit here with Mr. and Mrs. Charles Marley.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Short and son, Corwin, who spent the week-end here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Boake, returned to Louisville Sunday evening.

A. Sciarra and daughter, Miss Mary, of Bedford, were here Sunday to spend the day with Mr. and Mrs. F. Sciarra and family and other relatives.

Misses Anna and Mary Augustine, of Indianapolis, spent Sunday here with friends and went to Madison this morning, where they will visit relatives.

Mrs. Mary Kern, who has been here for an extended visit with her sister, Mrs. Margaret Heitman, went to Cincinnati this morning to spend several days.

Mrs. Joseph Reath returned home Sunday from Bedford, where she has been for a week on account of the serious illness of her mother, Mrs. James Teague.

Mrs. Macklin, of Lawrenceburg, was here this morning and went to Indianapolis to spend a few days. She has been visiting her mother in Reddington, who is ill.

Mrs. Henrietta Coons, Mr. and Mrs. Theo. W. Stierle and son, John Graham, and Clarence Keegler, of Louisville, Ky., spent Sunday here the guests of Mrs. John Alberring and family and John A. Keegler.

#### PERSONAL.



## Hunting Coats and other necessary garb for sportsmen

Hunting coats, made of extra heavy ducking cloth, tan only, exceptional values at \$2.00.

Good warm leather gloves, lined and unlined, 50c to \$2.50 per pair.

The hunting season opens Wednesday. Let us get you ready now for the first trip.

## Adolph Steinwedel

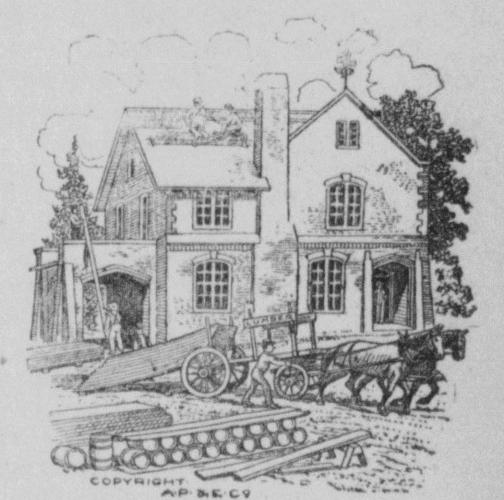
**NOW**

Place your order with us for your winter supply of coal if you have not already done so. What we sell you is coal, nothing else—no dust, no dirt, no slate. When you get a ton from us, it's right. Our guarantee is back of it.

**RAYMOND CITY**, the leader.

Price \$4.25 per ton.

**EBNER**  
Ice & Cold Storage Co.  
ICE - COAL  
Phone 4



#### YOU COULDN'T BEAT IT

unless your opponent holds a "Royal flush" because he has purchased his stock of building lumber at The Seymour Planing Mill Co's. You always get a "square deal" when you deal at our yard and get the highest quality lumber at prices that will defy competition unless you get a "knotty problem" to deal with at our prices when you want service that is "above board" come to the

**SEYMORE PLANING MILL CO**  
419 S. Chestnut St.



#### WE CAN POINT

**WITH PRIDE**  
to everything we make in the line of mill work. Fret, panel and grill work, partitions, blinds, doors and sash, each and all of the very best material, and made up by the very best artisans that we can employ. We would be glad to estimate on your work, and to show you just what we can do.

**The Travis Carter Co.**

## Loans

Made on Household Goods, Pianos, Stock and Implements. Agent in office Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday till noon.

17½ E. Second St., Over Carter's Bike Store. Phone 528.

**SEYMORE LOAN CO.**

**Geo. F. Meyer Drug Store**  
104 S. Chestnut St.  
Phone 247

**THOS. J. CLARK**  
Fire, Accident and Tornado  
**INSURANCE**  
SURETY BONDS.  
Opera House Block, Seymour, Ind.

"Will Go on Your Bond"  
Will write any kind of  
**INSURANCE**  
**CLARK B. DAVIDS**  
LOANS  
NOTARY

—They said she would not find the little suit outside of a big city, but she found it down at the big store in your own city.

The other day a lady had been tipped off by a friend in the city what the new thing was in the way of a little boy's suit so she sat out in search of correct apparel for the little man.

At different stores she was told they did not have them, some said they were not correct, etc., until finally the lady began to think the search was in vain. Coming down to the big store that's doing things she found just the identical thing, the very suit she had been inquiring for.

Now we've had a lot of such instances; in fact, the original shipment went right out, and they are going after the second.

So they must look pretty good.

Here's what we're trying to get at: WHEN YOU ARE LOOKING FOR THE NEW THINGS, SAVE THE UNNECESSARY STEPS—COME TO THE BIG STORE FIRST.

**Thomas Clothing Co.**  
Seymour's Largest Clothiers

## GREEK CABINET IS RE-FORMED

Premiership Goes to M. Skouloudis.

## RUMORS OF CONCILIATION

King Constantine and M. Venizelos Said to Have Ended Differences—May Mean to Advantage of the Allies.

London, Nov. 8.—Definite light on the inner political situation in the Hellenic kingdom is prevented owing to the rigid censorship in the Greek capital.

There is much talk of a conciliation between King Constantine and M. Venizelos, despite the latter's veiled attack on the sovereign in the parliament session, which brought about the overthrow of the Zaimis government. Such a conciliation, on the other hand, would foreshadow a change of the monarch's attitude favorable to the allies, inasmuch as the ex-premier strongly contends for Greek intervention on the side of the entente powers.

The only piece of news bearing a character of positiveness is a Reuter dispatch from Athens saying that King Constantine has appointed M. Skouloudis minister of foreign affairs and premier.

M. Skouloudis, the dispatch says, has been charged with the formation of a new ministry, to succeed that of Alexander Zaimis, overthrown by ex-Premier Venizelos, through the refusal of the latter's parliamentary majority to give a vote of confidence. It is understood all the members of the Zaimis cabinet, except M. Zaimis himself, will retain their portfolios in the next ministry.

Other dispatches insist there is a possibility that M. Zaimis will yet accept the king's offer to reconsider his resignation. In view of the strong and determination of the Venizelos party, this is regarded here as unlikely.

## TO PROBE MYSTERIOUS FIRES

Indiana Officials Asked to Seek Cause of Conflagrations.

Evansville, Ind., Nov. 8.—City and state officials are seeking the cause for a series of mysterious fires which in the last three weeks have done \$278,000 damage here.

On Oct. 22 fire destroyed the warehouse of the Beach & Fuller Basket company with a loss of \$8,000. Within a week the Evansville Warehouse company's building was destroyed by fire from an unassigned cause with a loss of \$100,000, and \$120,000 damage was done in the destruction of the Telfrich Planing mill early this week.

The planing mill of the International Iron and Steel Construction company was destroyed by fire, with a loss of \$50,000, and no cause has been found. An explosion was heard before the outbreak of the flames.

## POSSE KILLS ONE OF TRIO

Negroes Accused of Shooting Wabash Train Conductor.

Taylorville, Ill., Nov. 8.—A posse of one thousand men, headed by Sheriff Barnes of Christian county, surrounded in a wood north of here three negroes accused of shooting Guy A. Winters of Decatur, shot one of the negroes to death and captured a second one. Winters is a Wabash train conductor. He was shot when he put the negroes off his train. He will recover.

The posse is still beating the brush for the third man. In fear of a lynching the sheriff notified Governor Dunne, who said he would rush assistance to the sheriff in case of mob violence.

## AIRSHIP STARTS FROM SHIP

Successfull Launched From Speeding Cruiser.

Washington, Nov. 8.—When a navy aeroplane was shot into air at Pensacola from the decks of the cruiser North Carolina while the ship was in motion, a new feat in aviation was accomplished, and a device upon which navy airmen have been working for three years proved a success. The result opens up new possibilities for navy aeroplanes, as the device permits them to be launched without the aid of a platform obstructing gun fire.

The device consists of a track extending along the ship's after decks, upon which is a car.

Interned German Officers Arrive.

Honolulu, T. H., Nov. 8.—Lieutenant Vonelpo of the German navy, one of the officers of the German gunboat Cormoran interned at Guam, was a passenger on the United States army transport Logan, which arrived here. Vonelpo and three of the Cormoran's sailors, two of them insane and one ill, are on their way to report to the commandant of the Norfolk navy yards.

Mills Destroyed by Fire.

Clifton, Ariz., Nov. 8.—Three of the striking employees who aided the militia in fighting the fire that destroyed the concentrator mills and ore bins of the Arizona Copper company were injured, one seriously. The loss was \$50,000.

WILLIAM V. CLEARY  
Rockland County's Ex-Boss Is Caught After Nine Months' Chase.



Photo by American Press Association.

## ILLNESS COSTS NATION MILLIONS

Staggering Sick Bill Leads to Must Find a Way to Raise Plan For Health Bodies.

## RESULTS OF INVESTIGATION

Statistics Show That In a Representative Community Where Investigators Worked the Annual Loss Through Sickness Is \$5 Per Capita—Plan to Reduce This to Minimum.

If an estimate were to be made of the losses that the people of the United States sustain each year through the inadequate care given to the sick that could be remedied the figures would be staggering.

The cost in money would run into the hundreds of millions. In hours lost from work that cannot be replaced, representing a shrinkage in the nation's productive capacity, the record would be measured in billions.

Other losses that affect every industry, our educational institutions, agricultural production and, in fact, the activities in all walks of life, would reach a total of alarming magnitude.

That such conditions exist and are not appreciably realized, or at least recognized as they should be, is strikingly illustrated in a recent comprehensive report published by the committee on hospitals of the New York State Charities' Aid association, covering the sickness in Dutchess county, N. Y.—its extent, care and prevention—during the entire year of 1912 and four months of 1913, summary of which appears in the Survey.

### Money Loss \$5 Per Capita.

Figures taken from this summary show that, roughly estimated, the money loss to the 88,000 people living in this comparatively small county, in one state, during the investigation period amounted to at least \$412,000—a toll exacted by sickness of nearly \$5 per capita per annum.

How much of this loss could have been saved had the plans for providing organized and scientific adequate care for the sick been operative has not been figured in dollars and cents, but it doubtless would have been as large as 42 per cent if the cases investigated did not have such adequate care.

Another interesting feature distinctly brought out is that 75 per cent of these cases in which inadequate care was recorded poverty was not the cause. In most cases money played no part, the lack of care being due mostly to the absence of facilities for providing the needed services required, while in others there was a surprising lack of knowledge as to what care was needed and where to seek the service and help that would provide it.

As the conditions found in Dutchess county are believed by the committee to be typical of similar conditions existing throughout the entire country from coast to coast, the value of this report as a warning to the nation that this gigantic wastage accruing from the inadequate care given the sick is an evil that exists and which should be checked cannot be overestimated.

### Thousand Cases of Sickness a Month.

In the findings of this study, relating to the extent of sickness and time lost, many interesting deductions and records have been made. Five districts in the county were investigated, all of a representative character. Out of a population aggregating 11,800 people, 1,600 cases of serious illness were found for the sixteen month period, or approximately 14 per cent of the people living there, with 987 patients acutely ill.

In round figures 9,000 days were lost by men and women of working age (fifteen to fifty-four). Children up to sixteen years of age lost approximately 13,700 school days, at an average cost to the communities of 33 cents for each child. These two items alone safely cost these five districts from \$20,000 to \$25,000.

It was found that 76 per cent of the sick had medical attention, among whom less than 10 per cent went to hospitals, although the percentage of those who should have gone to such institutions was much larger. Of those who were cared for at home only 55 per cent were cared for adequately. The report especially shows how the remaining 45 per cent failed to receive the proper care that should have been given them.

A most interesting suggestion is one advocating the organization of county health associations.

These associations when organized are to represent in the health field what the boards of trade and commercial associations are to the welfare of the commercial life of communities. Through the agency of such county health associations the co-operation of hospitals, physicians, boards of health and private medical and social service organizations is sought.

The main objects which such an association would seek systematically to carry out for the benefit of the sick and with the idea of eliminating unnecessary suffering and financial losses would be:

Establishing an efficient system of nursing and social service for the care of the sick in their own homes, through the formation of centers, where nurses, physicians and suitable domestic help would be registered and available day and night.

Securing the co-operation of all existing hospitals in continuous sections so as to extend their facilities over a wider area.

Establishing clinics, carrying on preventive campaigns and securing the adoption and enforcement of public health measures.

## NATION SEEKING MORE REVENUE.

Must Find a Way to Raise About \$1,240,000,000.

## DEFENSE THE BIGGEST ITEM.

Plans For Army and Navy Call For Expenditure of Vast Sums—Committees Now at Work Devising an Efficient Method to Meet Deficit That Is Sure to Arise.

The question of finances promises to occupy much time in the approaching session of congress—how is the government going to raise sufficient revenue to meet the ordinary running expenses of the nation and at the same time provide funds to carry out the proposed improvements in the army and navy.

As yet no definite method has been outlined by the leaders of the party in power, and before the revenue raising bills are passed there will be much debate, pro and con, from both the small and the big army and navy advocates.

The largest estimates of government expenditures ever submitted to a secretary of the treasury of the United States in time of peace were presented for the next fiscal year, as required by law, for discussion by congressional committees in advance of the regular session. They are being examined in detail by President Wilson and his cabinet.

With an estimated increase for national defense of about \$150,000,000 over last year, together with the cost of new tasks imposed on the state department and other branches of the government by reason of the European war, it is probable the amount of expenditures will be augmented to a total of about \$1,240,000,000.

### Plans For the Navy.

Secretary Daniels has prepared a five year building program for the United States navy which contemplates the creation of a new fleet.

This program provides for from fifteen to twenty-eight fighting ships of the dreadnaught and battle cruiser types, with a proportionate number of seagoing submarines, coast submarines, scout cruisers, destroyers and auxiliaries.

President Wilson and Secretary Daniels are agreed that to be adequately prepared for defense the present strength of the fleet must be almost doubled in the next five years, with the addition of many of the latest type of fast and powerful fighting craft.

The five year naval program when completed would add, in addition to dreadnaughts and battle cruisers, nearly a hundred submarines, about seventy destroyers and several scout cruiser types, and a proportionate number of fuel and hospital ships.

### \$246,000,000 This Year.

The total cost of the proposed program for the first year, according to present plans, is estimated at nearly \$248,000,000, or about \$100,000,000 increase over last year.

Complete plans for defense of New York against land attack by an invading army have been prepared by the war department. Similar plans for Boston and Philadelphia have been worked out.

Every foot of ground within striking distance of New York has been gone over by military officers, and the topography has been mapped. These maps indicate where and how trenches shall be dug, the number of tools necessary and the number of men required.

The plans are locked in safe deposit boxes, subject to the instant call of army officers on duty at the various military headquarters.

Military experts are now experimenting with trench digging tools that are expected to take the place of pick and spade, but meanwhile thousands of shovels are being manufactured to be stored in each important city.

### The Army Program.

The army program as it now stands calls for substantially the following:

First.—Establishment of training camps to teach the rudiments of warfare to 133,000 men expected annually to enlist. Each citizen soldier will receive six months' actual training during three years.

Second.—The addition to the aerial equipment of the army of at least twenty aeroplanes of most modern type.

Third.—The purchase of armored motor vehicles such as are now being used successfully in the European war.

Fourth.—Large increases in the artillery branch of the service, now lamentably weak.

Fifth.—The laying in of vast supplies of reserve ammunition.

Sixth.—A standing army whose strength will be a compromise between the figures of the "small army" advocates, who are opposed to any increase, and the "big army" forces that desire an army of 200,000 to 300,000 men. The addition of ten infantry regiments and forty-six companies of coast artillery is now the plan of the administration.

Seventh.—The means that the president will ask congress for a total appropriation of \$184,000,000 for the army in the year 1915-16. The total will be about \$75,000,000 more than the last budget for the army.

ALBERTA HILL A BRIDE  
Suffrage Leader Surrenders to Cupid After the Election.



Photo by American Press Association.

## TEUTONS TURN ARMY TO EAST

Suddenly Shift Their Forces In Serbian Invasion.

## OBJECTIVE CONSTANTINOPLE

Continuance of Invasion of Central and Western Serbia Is Left to the Austro-Hungarians, Who Are Making Progress Slowly.

London, Nov. 8.—An important shift in the armies on the part of the Teutonic invaders in Serbia has been made within the past forty-eight hours—a shift which, eventually, began simultaneously with the fall of Nish into the hands of the Bulgarians, and which is illustrated by the official German and Austrian war office reports.

Thus the Germans under von Gallwitz, after taking Kraljevo and after Nish had fallen to their Balkan allies, instead of continuing their southward sweep, have turned suddenly to the east, with the Orient line as the goal, leaving the continuance of the invasion of central and western Serbia to the Austro-Hungarians, which were last reported fighting along the Bosnian frontier, around Visegrad, advancing only slowly.

Berlin announces that General von Gallwitz's army has reached a point in the Morava valley northwest of Krusevac. This places the Germans thirty-five miles from Nish as they can reach the Orient railroad in a five-mile march at Junis, which lies thirty miles northwest of the war capital. To clear this sector of the Orient line of Serbians and thus definitely gain a clear road to Constantinople, will be von Gallwitz's aim, and he is supported by the von Koeves' army on the eastern bank of the Morava, while Bulgarian army is approaching the railway from the northeast.

The troops of the dual monarchy promptly took up the path the Germans left, and already have stepped into their Germanic allies' footsteps all along the line in western Serbia. They are now moving southwest and southeast and southward, with Novi-Bazaar and Mitrovica apparently their ultimate aim.

In this movement the Austro-Hungarians, according to the official German statement have driven the Serbians from the Gracina heights, and are moving on Ivanjica, twenty-seven miles southwest of Kreljevo.

The chain of the invading armies now forms an almost horizontal line, with the Austro-Hungarians constituting the right wing, the Germans the center and the Bulgarians the right wing. The chain is extended in the south by the Bulgarians holding the Salonica-Nish railroad from Kuprilli, to Nish.

The main purpose of the left and center of this army chain, military critics here agree, is to force the main Serbian forces further and further south and with pressure from the Bulgarians from the east, drive the defenders of the little kingdom toward the Albanian frontier as the only outlet.

## EMPLOYES HELD FOR GRAFT

St. Louis Water Office Clerks Charged With Grand Larceny.

St. Louis, Mo., Nov. 8.—Three employees of the city water office and two deputy sheriffs have been indicted as a result of grand jury investigations of alleged graft.

Bench warrants were issued for the five men. Robert H. Mahon, water inspector, recently discharged; Robert H. Benzell and Frank White, departmental deputy collectors; Arthur H. Harrison and J. Frank Casey, deputy sheriffs, are the men indicted. The indictments charge grand larceny and the obtaining of money by false pretenses.

## AERO DEFENSE FOR NEWPORT

Millionaires at Fashionable Summer Colony to Purchase Aircraft.

Through the efforts of Vincent Astor, Robert Goeltz, George I. Scott, George D. Widener, Jr., and other rich men a fund has been raised by summer residents in Newport for purchasing aeroplanes for the defense of Rhode Island in connection with the national guard.

The fund thus far amounts to \$10,250, and the committee in charge hopes to obtain sufficient funds to buy a squadron of fliers.

## GIVES BOY COMPANION LYME

Tells Playmate It Is Sugar; Child In Serious Condition.

Frankfort, Ind., Nov. 8.—Clarence Timmons, four-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. George Timmons, is in a critical condition at his home here as a result of eating a quantity of concentrated lye, which he mistook for sugar.

The child was playing with Roy Baker, nine years old, who had a can of lye. The Baker boy told the child it was sugar and to open its mouth and he would give it some. The little child opened its mouth and young Baker poured a quantity of the lye into it.

## Accuse Broker of Theft.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Nov. 8.—James H. Snowden of Indianapolis (Ind.) has sworn out a warrant against John L. Moore of the firm of John L. Moore & Co., brokers,

# THE BATTLE-CRY

*By CHARLES NEVILLE BUCK*  
AUTHOR of "The CALL of the CUMBERLANDS"  
ILLUSTRATIONS by C. D. RHODES

COPYRIGHT BY  
CHARLES  
NEVILLE  
BUCK

CHAPTER XXII.

That spring new buildings went up at the school and brave rows of flowers appeared in the garden.

At first her college had been a kindergarten in effect, but now as Juanita stood on the porch at recess she wondered if any other schoolmistress had ever drawn about her such a strange assortment of pupils. There were little tots in bright calico, glorying in big bows of cotton hair-ribbon—but submitting grudgingly to the combing of the hair they sought to adorn. There were larger boys and girls, too, and even a half-dozen men just now pitching horseshoes and smoking pipes—and they also were learning to read and write.

In the afternoons women rode in on mules and horses or came on foot, and Juanita taught them not only letters and figures, but lessons looking to cleaner and more healthful cabins. May came with smiles and songs in the sky from sunrise to sunset, and in the woods, where the moisture rose and tender greens were sending out their hopeful shoots, the wild flowers unfolded themselves. Then Juanita Holland and Anse Havey would go together up to the ridge and watch the great awakening across the brown and gray humps of the hills, and under their feet was a carpet of glowing hills.

Anse Havey had never had such a companionship, and hidden things began to waken in him.

So when she stood there, with the spring breeze caressing the curling tendrils at her temples, and blowing her gingham skirt about her slim ankles, and pointed off, smiling, to his house, he dropped his head in mock shame.

"Only the castle moodily gloomed to itself apart," she quoted in accusation, and the man laughed boyishly. "I reckon ya haven't seen the castle lately," he said. "Ye wouldn't hardly know it. It's gettin' all cleaned up an' made civilized. The eagle's nest is turnin' into a sure-enough bird cage."

"Who's changin' now?" she bantered. "Am I civilizing you or"—her eyes danced with badinage—"are you preparing to get married?"

His face flushed and then became almost surly.

"Who'd marry me?" he savagely demanded.

"I'm sure I don't know," she teased. "Whom have you asked?"

He bent a little forward and said slowly:

"Once ye told me I was wasting my youth. Ye lowed I ought to be captain of my soul. If I found a woman that I wanted and she wouldn't have me—what ought I to do about it?"

"There are two courses prescribed in all the correspondence schools, and both are perfectly simple," she announced with mock gravity. "One is simply to take the lady first and ask her afterward. The other is even easier; get another girl."

"Oh," he said. He was hurt because she had either not seen or had pretended not to see his meaning. She had not grasped the presumptuous dream and effrontery of his heart.

His voice for a moment became enigmatical as he added: "Sometimes I think ye've played hell in these mountains."

That spring silent forces were at work in the hills; as silent and less beneficent than the stirring sap and the brewing of showers.

Three men in the mountains were now fully convinced that what the world needs the world will have, and they were trying to find a solution to the question which might make their own people sharers in the gain, instead of victims. These three were Anse and Milt and Jeb, and their first step was the effort to hold landowners in check, and make them slow to sell and guarded in their bargaining.

Jim Fletcher, a mountain man who had for years drifted between Tribula-

tion and Winchester trading in cattle and timber, made a journey through the hills that spring, and was everywhere received as "honest folks." For him there were no bars of distrust, and he was able for that reason to buy land right and left. Though he had paid for it a price above the average it was a price far below the value of the coal and timber it contained—and Jim had picked his land.

Anse Havey and his associates knew that Jim Fletcher had been subsidized; that the money he spent so lavishly was not his own money; and that he came as a stalking-horse, but they did not know that he had been to Louisville and had conferred there with Mr. Trevor. Neither did they know at once that he had visited the cabins of every malcontent among both the former factions, and that he was a mischievous adroitly laying here in the hills the foundations for a new feud.

Jim had bland tongue and a persuasive manner, and he talked to the mountain men in their own speech, but he was none the less the advance agent of the new enemy from down below: the personal fulfillment of Juanita's prophecy to Roger Malcolm.

Juanita did not realize how much she was leaning on the strength of Anse Havey, how she depended on

him for counsel and encouragement, which he gave not in behalf of the school, but because he was the school teacher's slave. She saw the little hospital rise on the hill and thought of what it would do, and she believed that Anse Havey must be, in his heart, converted, even though his mountaintop influence would not let him say so.

Then, while the hillsides were joyous with spring, came a squad of lads with transit and chain, who began running a tentative line through the land that Jim Fletcher had bought, Anse Havey watched them grimly with folded arms, but said no word until they reached the boundary of his own place.

There he met them at the border.

"Boys," he said, "ye musn't cross that fence. This is my land, an' I for bids ye."

Their foreman argued.

"We only want to take the measurements necessary to complete our line, Mr. Havey. We won't work any injury."

Anse shook his head.

"Come in, boys, an' eat with me an' make yourselves at home," he told them, "but leave your tools outside."

Men from the house patrolled the boundary with rifles and the young men were forced to turn back.

But later they drew near the house of old Bob McGregor, and he, stealing down to the place in the thicket of rhododendron, saw them perilously near the trickling stream which even then bore on its surface little kernels of yellow corn. Deeply and violently old Bob swore as he drank from his little blue keg, and when one day he saw them again he asked counsel of no man. He went down and crept close through the laurel, and when his old rifle spoke a schoolboy from the Blue Grass fell dead among the rocks of the water course.

After that death, the first murder of an innocent outsider, the war which Anse Havey had so long foreseen broke furiously and brought the orders of upland and lowland to the grip of bitter animosity.

Old McGregor's victim had been young Roy Calvin, the son of Judge Calvin of Lexington, and the name of Calvin in central Kentucky was one associated with the state's best traditions.

It had run in a strong, bright thread through the pattern of Kentucky's achievements, and when news of the wanton assassination came home, the state awoke to a shock of horror. The infamy of the hills was screamed in echo to the mourning, and the name of Bad Anse Havey was once more printed in large type.

The men whose capital sought to wrest profit from the hills, and whose employee had been slain, were quick to take advantage of this hue and cry of calamity.

They hurled themselves into the fight for gaining possession of coveted land and were not particular as to methods.

Jim Fletcher came and went constantly between the lowlands and highlands. He was all things to all men, and in the hills he cursed the lowlander, but in the lowland he cursed the hills. Milt and Jeb and Anse rode constantly from cabin to cabin in their efforts to circumvent the adroit schemes of the mountain Judas who had sold his soul to the lowland syndicate.

Fletcher sought a foothold for capital to pierce fields acquired at the price of undeveloped land and then to take the profit of development. Anse sought to hold title until the sales could be on a fairer basis and so the issue was made up.

Capitalists, like Malcolm, who sat in directors' rooms launching a legitimate enterprise, had no actual knowledge of the instrumentalities being employed on the real battlefield. Lawyers tried condemnation suits with indifferent success, and then reached out their hands for a new weapon.

Back in the old days, when Kentucky was not a state but a county, land patents had been granted by Virginia to men who had never claimed their property. For two hundred years other men who settled as pioneers had held undisturbed possession, they and their children's children. Now into the courts piled multitudinous suits of eviction in the names of plaintiffs whose eyes had never seen the broken skyline of the Cumberland. Their purpose was deceit, since it sought to drag through long and costly litigation pauper landholders and to impose such a galling burden upon their property as should drive them to terms of surrender.

Men and women who owned, or thought they owned, a log shack and a tilting cornfield found themselves facing a new and bewildering crisis. Their untaught minds brooded and they talked violently of holding by title of rifle what their fathers had wrested from nature, what they had tended with sweat and endless toil.

But Anse Havey and Milt McBriar knew that the day was at hand when the rifle would no longer serve. They employed lawyers fitted to meet those other lawyers and give them battle in the courts, and these lawyers were paid by Anse Havey and Milt McBriar.

The two stood stanchly together as a buffer between their almost helpless people and the encroaching tentacles of the new octopus, while Juanita, looking on at the forming of the cavalcade, was torn with anxiety.

In Bad Anse Havey the combination of interests recognized its really most formidable foe. In the mountain phrase, he must be "man-powered outen ther way." And there were still men in the hills who, if other means failed, would sell the service of their "rifle-guns" for money.

With such as these it became the care of certain supernumeraries to establish an understanding. In the last election a thing had happened which had not for many years before happened in Kentucky—a change of parties had swept from power in Frankfort the administration which owed loyalty to Havey influences.

Bad Anse Havey was indicted as an accessory to the murder of young Calvin and he would be tried, not in Peril, but in the Blue Grass. The prosecution would be able to show that he had warned the surveyors off his own place and had picketed his fence line



One Day a Train Brought Luke Thixton Back to the Hills.



When His Old Rifle Spoke a Schoolboy From the Blue Grass Fell Dead.

gun in all the blossom and sunshine of promise—and who had done no wrong.

The special term of the court had brought to Winchester a throng of farmer folk and onlookers. Their horses stood hitched at the racks about the square when the sheriff led Anse Havey from the jail to the old building where he was to face his accusers and the judges who sat on the bench and in the jury box.

He took his seat with his counsel at his elbow and listened to the preliminary formalities of impaneling a jury. His face told nothing, but as man after man was excused because he had formed an opinion, he read little that was hopeful in the outlook.

He calmly heard perjured witnesses from his own country testify that he had approached them, offering bribes for the killing of young Calvin which they had righteously refused. He knew that these men had been bought by Jim Fletcher and that they swore for the hire of syndicate money, but he only waited patiently for the defense to open. He saw the scowl on the faces in the jury box deepen into conviction as witness after witness took the stand against him, and he saw the faces in the body of the room mirror that scowl.

Then the prosecution rested, and as a few of its perjuries were punctured, the faces in the box lightened their scowl a little—but very little. The tide had set against him, and he knew it. Unless one of those strangely psychological things should occur which sweep juries suddenly from their moorings of fixed opinion, he must be the sacrifice to Blue Grass wrath, and on the list of witnesses under the hand of his attorney there were only a few names left—pitifully few.

Then Anse Havey saw his chief counsel set his jaw, as he had a trick of setting it when he faced a forlorn hope, and throw the list of names aside as something worthless. As the lawyer spoke Anse Havey's face for the first time lost its immobility and showed amazement. He bent forward, wondering if his ears had not tricked him. His attorneys had not consulted him as to this step.

"Mr. Sheriff," commanded the lawyer for the defense, "call Miss Juanita Holland to the stand."

(TO BE CONTINUED)

#### NO RECEPTION READY FOR CONGRESSIONAL UNION

Suffragettes in Indianapolis Are Not Enthusiastic About Automobile Cavalcade.

(By a United Press Staff Correspondent.)

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 8.—Prospects were for a typical November reception for the automobile cavalcade of the Congressional Union for Women Suffrage when it arrives here to-day. The reception probably will be chilly. Suffragettes in Indianapolis are not strong for the Congressional Union.

The cavalcade is enroute from San Francisco to Washington, carrying hundreds of thousands of suffrage petitions. It plans to call upon several Indiana congressmen before leaving the state and sound them on the suffrage issue.

Whatever greetings the cavalcade gets here probably will be extempore. If attempts made to organize a local reception committee have succeeded, it is not known. The Congressional Union is the rather bitter rival of the National American Woman Suffrage Association, with which the Woman's Franchise League of Indiana is allied.

Mrs. Meredith Nicholson is a member of the Congressional Union, and the Union organizers wrote her, asking that she organize a welcome. But Mrs. Nicholson also is a member of the Woman's Franchise League—and she wrote back to the Chicago organizers that she would not be in Indianapolis today. Before leaving the city she informed the United Press that she had not turned the Union letters over to other Indianapolis women, and that she knew nothing whatever about anything for a welcome.

Another announced plan was for Governor Ralston to welcome the cavalcade from the steps of the Statehouse. But Gov. Ralston is in Ohio today, and at the Governor's office nothing was known of a welcome to be performed.

A woman connected with the Woman's Franchise League in an official capacity explained to-day that the methods of the two suffrage organizations differ. "The Union leaders obtained their training in England and are more militant," she said. "Then they differ in other ways. For example, they have been attacking the Democratic party in the west, while we avoid party lines. They first announced that they did not believe in organization, but seeing that without organization they would fail, they are now entering various states where we are organized and are trying to disrupt our organization."

After that death, the first murder of an innocent outsider, the war which Anse Havey had so long foreseen broke furiously and brought the orders of upland and lowland to the grip of bitter animosity.

Old McGregor's victim had been young Roy Calvin, the son of Judge Calvin of Lexington, and the name of Calvin in central Kentucky was one associated with the state's best traditions.

It had run in a strong, bright thread through the pattern of Kentucky's achievements, and when news of the wanton assassination came home, the state awoke to a shock of horror. The infamy of the hills was screamed in echo to the mourning, and the name of Bad Anse Havey was once more printed in large type.

in all the blossom and sunshine of promise—and who had done no wrong.

The special term of the court had brought to Winchester a throng of farmer folk and onlookers. Their horses stood hitched at the racks about the square when the sheriff led Anse Havey from the jail to the old building where he was to face his accusers and the judges who sat on the bench and in the jury box.

He took his seat with his counsel at his elbow and listened to the preliminary formalities of impaneling a jury. His face told nothing, but as man after man was excused because he had formed an opinion, he read little that was hopeful in the outlook.

He calmly heard perjured witnesses from his own country testify that he had approached them, offering bribes for the killing of young Calvin which they had righteously refused. He knew that these men had been bought by Jim Fletcher and that they swore for the hire of syndicate money, but he only waited patiently for the defense to open. He saw the scowl on the faces in the jury box deepen into conviction as witness after witness took the stand against him, and he saw the faces in the body of the room mirror that scowl.

Then the prosecution rested, and as a few of its perjuries were punctured, the faces in the box lightened their scowl a little—but very little. The tide had set against him, and he knew it. Unless one of those strangely psychological things should occur which sweep juries suddenly from their moorings of fixed opinion, he must be the sacrifice to Blue Grass wrath, and on the list of witnesses under the hand of his attorney there were only a few names left—pitifully few.

Then Anse Havey saw his chief counsel set his jaw, as he had a trick of setting it when he faced a forlorn hope, and throw the list of names aside as something worthless. As the lawyer spoke Anse Havey's face for the first time lost its immobility and showed amazement. He bent forward, wondering if his ears had not tricked him. His attorneys had not consulted him as to this step.

"Mr. Sheriff," commanded the lawyer for the defense, "call Miss Juanita Holland to the stand."

(TO BE CONTINUED)

#### INTERSTATE PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY

SEYMORE TIME CARD.

(Effective July 9, 1915.)

Seymour to Indianapolis and intermediate points.

## Thousands have this disease—and don't know it

You may be afflicted with that dread disease of the teeth, pyorrhea, and not be aware of it. It is the most general disease in the world! The germ which causes it inhabits every human mouth—your mouth, and is constantly trying to start its work of destruction there.

Don't wait until the advanced stages of the disease appear in the form of bleeding gums, tenderness in chewing and loose teeth. You can begin now to ward off these terrible results. Accept the advice dentists everywhere are giving, and take special precautions by using a local treatment in your daily toilet.

To meet this need for local treatment and to enable everyone to take the necessary precautions against this disease, a prominent dentist has put his own prescription before the public



Sample size

#### INTERSTATE PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY

SEYMORE TIME CARD.

(Effective July 9, 1915.)

Seymour to Indianapolis and intermediate points.

a 5:03 A. M.

• 6:45 A. M.

x 8:05 A. M.

x 9:18 A. M.

9:45 A. M.

x 11:18 A. M.

11:45 A. M.

1:18 P



OLD COLONIAL BAND.

## Ye Olde Time Concert BY THE Old Colonial Band In the first number of the Lyceum Course Thursday, Nov. 11, 8:15 P.M. MAJESTIC THEATRE

Presenting a unique and artistic musical program, combining popular, classical and descriptive selections, and a historical sketch of Revolutionary days,

### "The Spirit of '76"

During the intermission, Mr. Wyrick, noted soloist, will sing.

Here is a number you should not miss.  
A stirring, patriotic, inspiring program.

Admission 35c. Reserved Seats 10c.

### SEASON TICKETS \$1.00

(Good for entire course of five excellent numbers)

Seats on Sale Monday, 5:00 p.m., Carter's Drug Store

## SIMON'S Closing Out Sale of All Yard Goods

Commenced with a rush Saturday. If you did not get here then, remember the same big price reductions will be in effect until our line is completely closed out.

### Plain and Fancy Dress Goods Including

Serges, Poplins, Messalines, Crepe de Chines, Silks, have all been marked down to practically half price.

Let us save you money on your dry goods spendings.

**Simon's**

North Chestnut



Rain, sleet and snow will not inconvenience your feet if your shoes have been repaired at our up-to-date shoe repair department.

The latest electric machinery combined with good workmanship and the best material will give you entire satisfaction. Bring your repair work here and let us prove it to you.

**P. COLABUONO,**  
5 West Second St.

**CORONER FINDS NO MURDER EVIDENCE**  
(Continued from first page)

persons who said it was apparent that he was partly intoxicated. By one friend he was advised to return home on the 5:55 eastbound B. & O. Southwestern passenger train and he promised to do this. It is probable that during the night he tried to board a train which he thought was going to North Vernon and by mistake got on a Pennsylvania train. It is not known which train killed him, but from the condition of his body it is thought he met death about midnight.

Downs drank considerably, it is stated, and was off duty two or three days after each pay day. He was paid twice each month, it is said. He was twenty-three years old and was unmarried. He received his semi-monthly wages on November 5 and on that day or the day following went to Osgood. From there he is thought to have come here.

The body was prepared for burial and taken to North Vernon Sunday night. The funeral occurred at DuPont this afternoon. Edgar Downs, brother of the dead man, accompanied the remains to North Vernon.

Coroner Dickemeyer places little credence in the rumors that the man was murdered and the body placed on the track to cover up the crime. There is no reason why he should have been shot by anyone, the coroner believes, as he had no money. Only a nickel was found on him after his death. Downs was not in a quarrelsome mood Saturday night, it is stated, and is not known to have had any trouble with any one. The police say that his condition was not such that he attracted their attention at any time during the afternoon or night.

The police know nothing concerning the shots that were fired late Saturday night except what they have heard on the streets. The pistol reports were sufficiently loud to awaken residents several blocks away.

### Big Day at Public Service Co.

The 10th is the last day for the discount on gas bills under the new rate schedule. Do not fail to take advantage of this, but take the discount that belongs to you.

Interstate Public Service Co.

n9d

Piano and furniture refinishing; automobile and carriage painting. C. F. Mascher. In building formerly occupied by Democrat, 12 Ewing street.

### Seymour Temperatures.

Max. Min.

November 8, 1915. 70 53

### Classified Advertisements.

LOST—Ring set with opal and two pearls. Return here. Reward. n13d

WANTED—An energetic, ambitious, active man, whole or part time to establish permanent business. Health and Accident insurance. Immediate cash returns and future. National Casualty Company, Detroit, Michigan. n8d-11w

EXPERIENCED—Farm hand, married, now employed, desires change. For particulars address Republican office. n2-tf

WANTED—Woman to cook at Restaurant. Inquire here. dtf

WANTED—Dishwasher. Inquire at Palace Restaurant. n8d

WANTED—Experienced saleslady. Inquire here. o26dtf

FOR SALE—Chester white male hogs and breed sows; also some young spring pigs. L. J. Goble, R. F. D. 8, Seymour. j19m-w&wktf

ART GARLAND—Base burner in good condition. Cheap. 203 South Chestnut Street. n6d

FOR SALE—Complete new outfit for infant. Phone 554-R. n9d

FOR RENT—Double house. Good location. Gas, water, bath. Phone 263. J. L. Blair. s30d-tf

FOR RENT—Three room house and one four room house. West Laurel street. Inquire Mrs. Jacobs. n9d

FOR RENT—Seven room residence, bath, furnace. 518 North Ewing. E. C. Bollinger. s14dtf

FOR RENT—Eight room modern house, good location. Inquire R. W. Hargitt. 221 E. Third street. n8d

FOR RENT—Three five room houses. See H. A. Hodapp. Office Phone 223; Res. R-217. o27j

FOR RENT—Seven room house, North Ewing. Light and Water. Phone S-9, Reddington. n6dtf

FOR RENT—Eight room, modern cottage on West Second street. Inquire Platter's Gallery. n5dtf

FOR RENT—Six room house with bath, gas and electric light, \$14.00. Phone 380. n8dtf

FOR RENT—6 room modern house on Indianapolis Ave. Inquire Travis Carter Co. s2dtf

REPAIR WORK—I have moved my shop back to Seymour and am prepared for tinwork, furnace work and general repair work of all kinds. All orders given careful attention. 611 W. Fourth street. J. F. Ficken.

Weather Report.

Fair and much colder tonight and Tuesday.

### LOCAL PEOPLE HAVE NARROW ESCAPE FIFTEEN YEARS AGO

(Continued from first page)

She was almost drowned and had the men been a few seconds later, her life would not have been saved. Mr. Hays was seen by a Monitor reporter in St. Louis county immediately after the accident and says the team he lost by the accident was a valuable one.

Also that he lost over a hundred dollars worth of books. Some silver ware, a large quantity of provisions, canned fruit and jewelry were also in the wagon. He has some insurance on the outfit. Mr. Hays arrived in St. Charles Wednesday evening and spent the night at Feurstein's Stable



Our drug store deserves your trade because we give you what you ask for and charge you only a fair price.

Competent Registered Pharmacists compound every prescription with skill and care. Pure fresh drugs only being used.

We have the store, the stock, and the men to give you the best possible service, and you can't be disappointed when you deal with us.

## C. E. LOERTZ, Druggist

Phone 116 WE TAKE CARE Milhouse Block

## Compare These Prices 50c Saved is 50c Made

Jowl Bacon, per pound.....	11c
Kingan's Sugar Cured Jowls.....	13c
Sugar Cured Loins, Backs, per pound.....	14c
Half Breakfast Bacon, per pound.....	20c
Country Club Sugar Cured Hams, per pound.....	17c
Country Club Sugar Cured Shoulders, per pound.....	14c
Pickle Pork, per pound.....	9c
Best Bologna Sausage, per pound.....	14c
Hoadley's Patent Flour Special.....	68c
White Lily Flour Special.....	68c
Enterprise Gold Medal and Pillsbury Flour.....	85c
Fancy Dry Peaches, 2 lbs.....	15c
Fancy Box Raisins, per box.....	8c
Fancy Dry Apricots, per lb.....	11c
New English Walnuts, per lb.....	18c
10c can Hominy, per can.....	5c
15c can Salmon, per can.....	10c
Loose Rolled Oats, per lb.....	4c
Toy Oats, 10c size, our price, 2 for.....	15c
Loose Oat-meal, per lb.....	4c
Loose Peanut Butter, per lb.....	10c
Potatoes, per bushel.....	50c
Arbuckle Coffee, per lb.....	15c
Good Loose Coffee, per lb.....	10c

## HOADLEY'S CASH GROCERY

and crossed the river Thursday morning on the Fawn's first trip.

Capt. Bergfeld of the Fawn states that this is the first accident of this nature to happen since the ferry was established here 11 years ago. Others claim that better arrangement should be made by the ferry company, for teams going on and off the boat and protection against accidents while on it.

Eye witnesses to the accident state that the wagon drifted fully 200 yards before Mrs. Hays was rescued. Her son, Vane Hays was on the ferry boat, when the accident occurred. Mrs. Hays made no cry while in the water or at the time of the accident but when rescued and taken aboard the steamer, she fainted. She is very nervous, and has not recovered from the shock. Christ Bull of this city, saw the whole occurrence from this side of the river.

### Sudie Mills Matlock

#### PIANO TEACHER

Res. Studio: 521 N. Chestnut St.  
SEYMORE, INDIANA.

### CHICHESTER'S PILLS

THE DIAMOND BRAND.  
Largest and Your Druggist for  
Chichester's Diamond Brand  
Pills in Red and Gold metallic  
pills, sealed with blue ribbon.  
Take no other. Buy of your  
Druggist. Ask for CHICHESTER'S  
DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25  
years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable  
SOLD BY DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE

### ANNA E. CARTER

NOTARY PUBLIC  
Office at the Daily Republican of  
fice, 108 West Second St.

## You Can't Afford to Miss This Sale Men's Clothing, Shoes and Furnishings Being Sold at a Mere Fraction of Their Original Selling Price

Good news travels fast! That's why people from all over Jackson County are attending this great sale. The Philadelphia Bargain Store's great closing out sale is without question of a doubt the most terrific Slaughter Sale of Men's Clothing, Shoes and Furnishings that was ever given by any Seymour firm. This immense stock of men's apparel must be closed out, and we have put prices on the goods that are doing it. Hurry in, act quickly, and get your share of these great money saving values.

### For This Week We Offer Special Values in MEN'S HATS, SHIRTS and TROUSERS

Our stock in these three lines is heavy, and here are prices that will move them quickly. We advise you to come in early and get the first choice. These are all quality goods.

#### TROUSERS.

High Grade Trousers for Men, Young Men and Little Men.

50c Knee Trousers.....	38c	\$1.00 Caps, now .....
\$1.00 Knee Trousers.....	78c	now .....
\$1.00 Men's Trousers.....	78c	50c Caps, now .....
\$1.50 Men's Trousers.....	95c	now .....
\$2.00 Men's Trousers.....	\$1.29	25c Caps
\$2.50 Men's Trousers.....	\$1.88	now .....
\$3.50 Men's Trousers.....	\$2.48	Work Shirts, regular
\$4.00 Men's Trousers.....	\$2.85	50c grade, any color.....

#### Men's and Boys' Caps

68c

33c

18c

29c

#### MEN'S HATS.

Hats, for Men; \$1.00 grade.....

Hats, for Men; \$1.50-grade.....

Hats, for Men; \$2.00 grade.....

Hats, for Men; \$3.00 Kingsbury.....

Boys' Hats, worth 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50;

Closing Out Sale Price.....

#### MEN'S DRESS SHIRTS.

\$1.00 Dress Shirts.....

50c Dress Shirts.....

\$1.00 Silk Bosom Shirts.....

**The Philadelphia Bargain Store**